

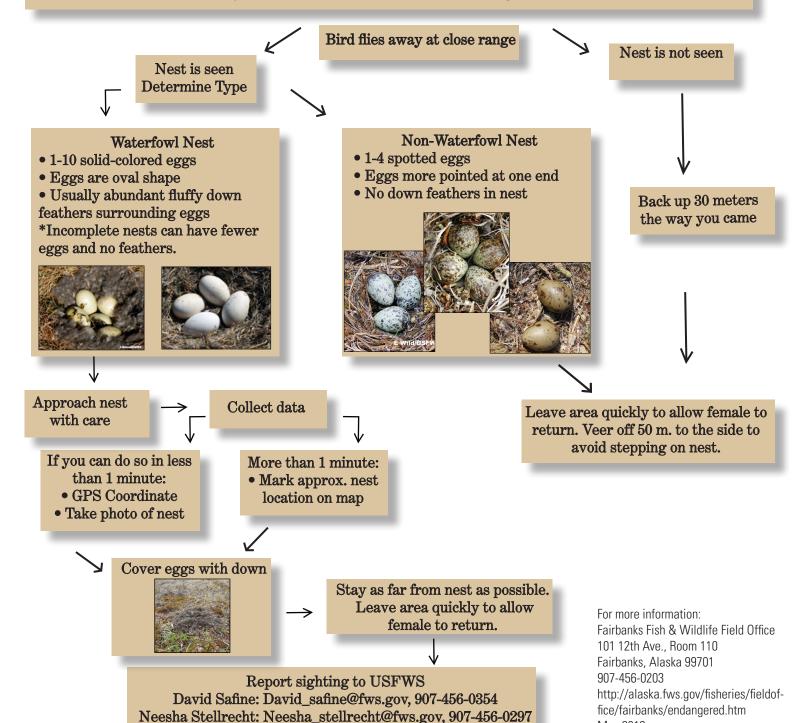


## U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service

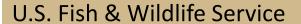
## Nesting Eider Interaction Plan Fairbanks Fish & Wildlife Field Office

**Introduction**: Steller's eiders (*Polysticta stelleri*) and spectacled eiders (*Somateria fischeri*) are two sea ducks listed as threatened species under the U. S. Endangered Species Act. These birds nest on the tundra and may be encountered by researchers doing field work. This plan provides guidance to help you avoid disturbing nesting birds as you conduct your research. More information about Steller's and spectacled eiders can be found at the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service's website.

**Potential Impacts:** Human activity that causes a female eider to flush off her nest may increase the risk of egg predation. Repeated disturbance could cause the female to abandon the nest altogether. Closely approaching an adult female and her young ducklings can also increase their chances of predation. Please follow these instructions when you encounter a bird nest while conducting research on the tundra.

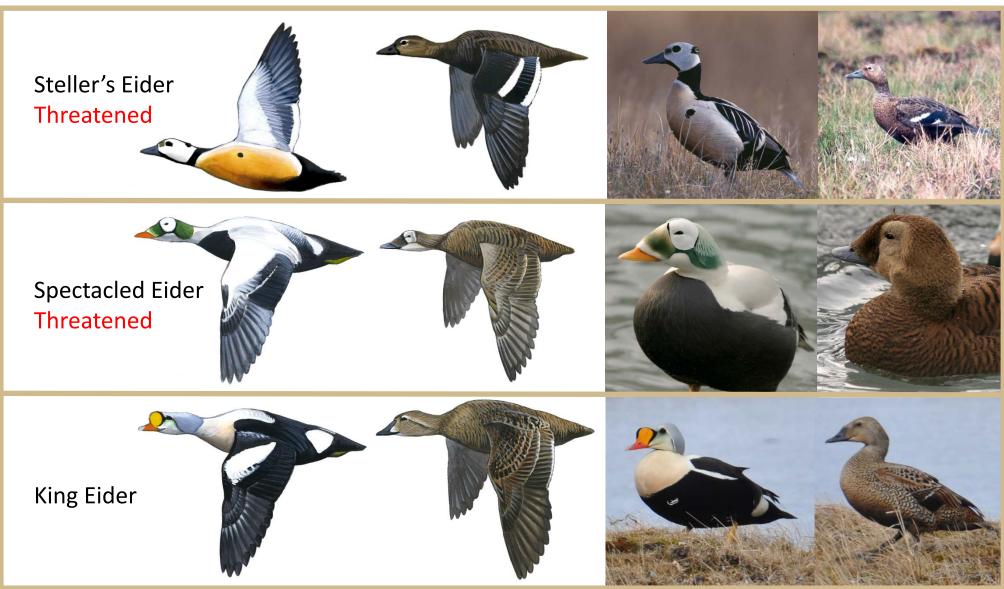


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## **Eider Identification Guide – Barrow Vicinity**



<sup>\*</sup> Common eiders may migrate through the area, but do not nest on the tundra near Barrow.